



GIP.V.

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2015

### OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

# WAR ATLAS

COMPILED AND DRAWN

BY

B. V. DARBISHIRE, M.A.

Trinity College

8d.

# HUMPHREY MILFORD OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

7011

LONDON EDINBURGH GLASGOW NEW YORK TORONTO MELBOURNE BOMBAY

1915

### NOTES ON THE MAPS

- Page 2. THE BRITISH EMPIRE. The British Empire at the opening of the war. The smaller map shows its extent in 1815.
- Page 3. DEPENDENCIES OF THE EUROPEAN POWERS. In each case motherland and dependencies are shown in black.
  - The Area and Population Diagrams on both pages are drawn to a uniform scale, thus facilitating comparison between the British Empire and other countries. Area is shown by means of the squares, population by the bands. The mother-country in each case is shown in black, while the shaded portions refer to the dependencies, the area and population figures being given in each case. The grand totals are given in the oblongs. The figures as stated are the most recent as given in the Statesman's Year Book, 1914. They do not all refer to the same year, but this, of course, makes no difference to the illustrative value of the diagrams.

In the case of the British Empire, the area of the dependencies in each continent is shown by a separate square, and the population by means of a percentage diagram, which latter brings out the striking fact that 75 per cent. of the inhabitants of the

British Empire live in India.

- Pages 4 and 5. CENTRAL EUROPE. A physical map of the main war-area, giving political boundaries and chief railways. In order not to overcrowd the map, the names of countries have been omitted, and only a few district names, which are of special importance in connection with the military operations, inserted. A more detailed political map of the area will be found on page 12.
- Pages 6 and 7. THE COUNTRIES ROUND THE MEDITERRA-NEAN. The six small maps illustrate the historical geography of South-Eastern Europe, with special reference to the Turkish Empire.

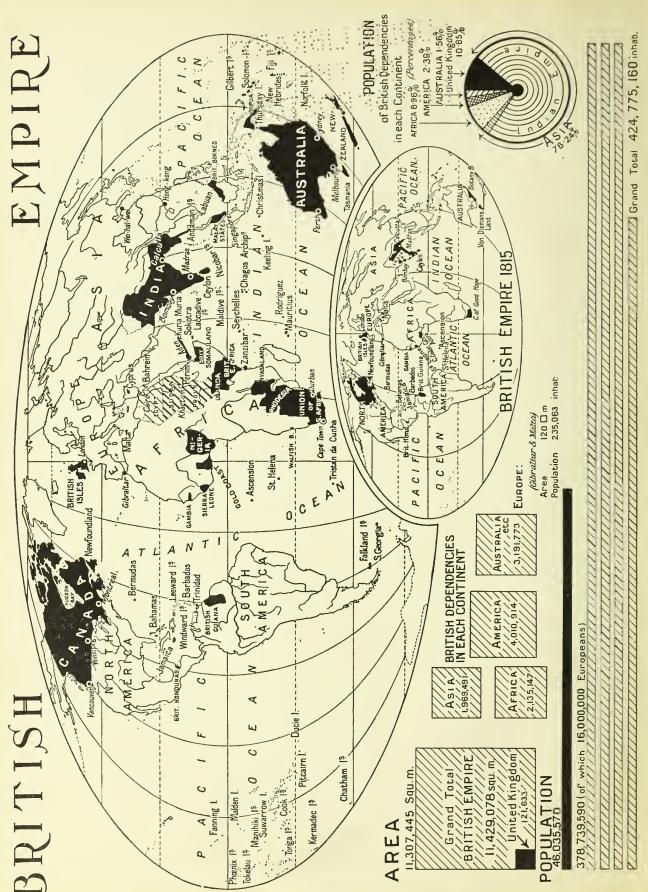
1350. The Great Serbia under Stephen Dushan. The Byzantine Emperor still holds both shores of the Bosporus.

- 1444. The Turks have crossed into Europe, but Constantinople is still held against them.
- 1512. Constantinople has fallen (1453) and the Turks hold all the peninsula as far north as a line drawn through Belgrade.
- 1687. The greatest extent of Turkey in Europe. The kingdom of Hungary has been reduced to a narrow strip, and the Turks have even (unsuccessfully) besieged Vienna, in 1683.
- 1699. The kingdom of Hungary has been re-established, and the Morea is temporarily in the hands of the Venetian Republic.

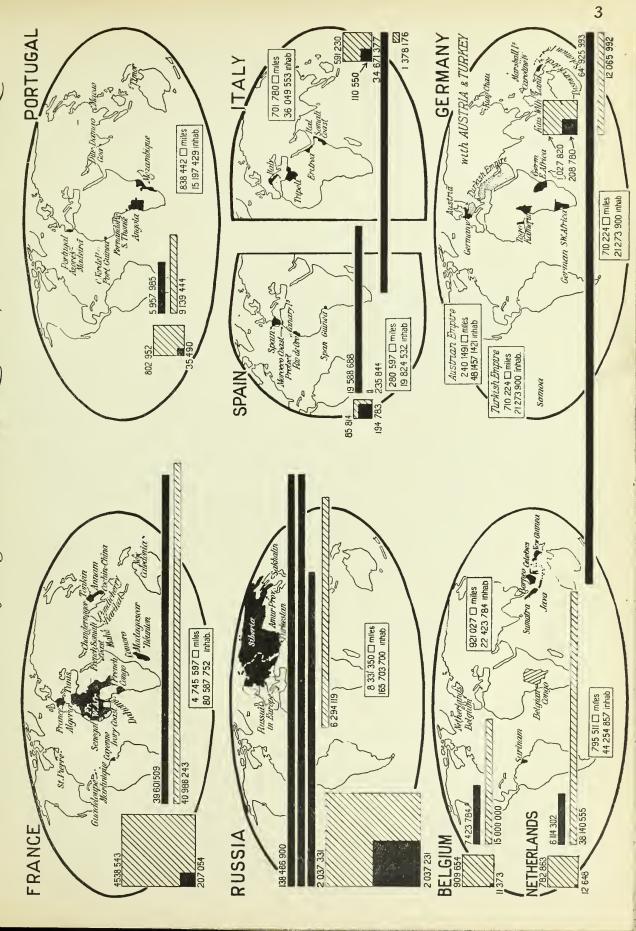
\* Atlos 1200.6.M5.1915

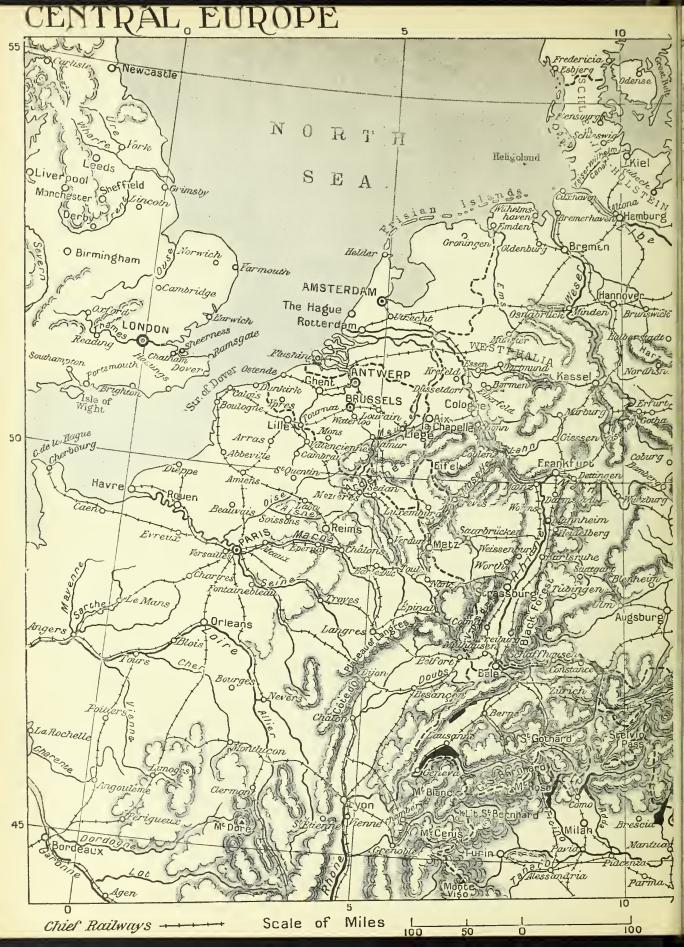
LIST OF MAPS

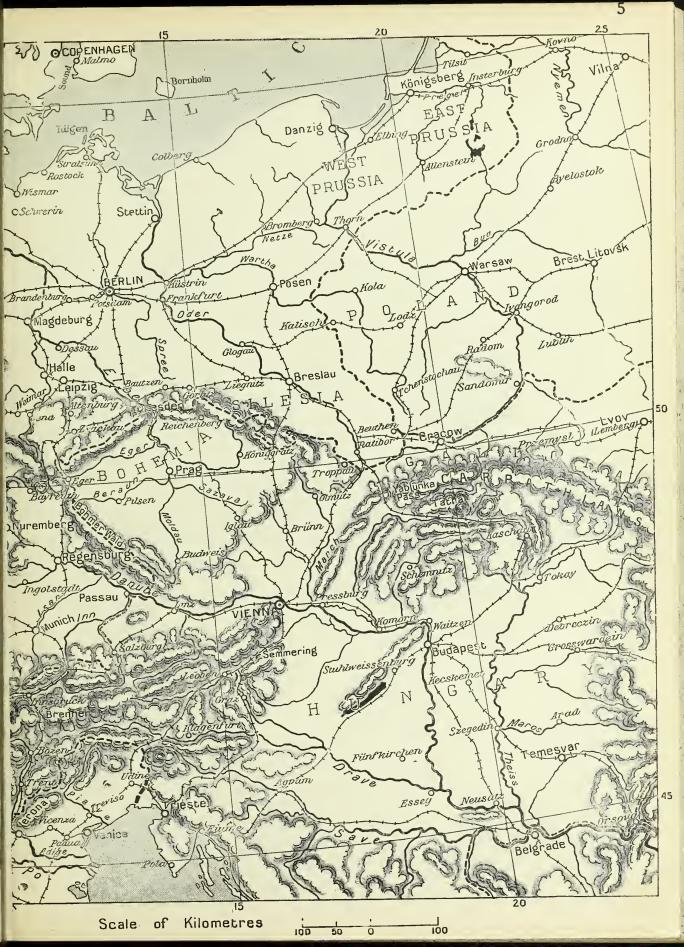
BRIT	TISH EMPIRE Insets: British Empire in 1815; Area						٠	•	•	2
DEP!	ENDENCIES OF THE EUROPEAN PO Area and Population Diagrams.	OWER	S (7 M.	aps)	•	•	٠	٠	•	3
CEN'	TRAL EUROPE (CHIEF WAR AREA)	•	•	•	•					4-5
THE	COUNTRIES ROUND THE MEDITE Insets: 6 Maps showing extent of Tand 1856.				· n 1350			1687, 1		6-7
BELO	GIUM AND NORTH-EASTERN FRAN	CE	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•		8-9
THE	SEAS OF NORTH-WESTERN EURO	PE			•	٠			٠	10
WES	TERN FRONTIER OF RUSSIA .							•		11
GER.	MANY AND AUSTRIA-HUNGARY (Po	LITICAL		•		•				12
CEN'	TRAL EUROPE (Ethnographical) .									13
TERI	RITORIAL GROWTH OF BRANDENE Brandenburg in 1417, 1598, 1640, and			,	-				14.	14
GER	MANY, 1866–1871	•		٠						15
NET	HERLANDS AND BELGIUM (3 Maps) 1786; 1813 to 1830; since 1830.	٠	٠	,	•	•	•	•		15
THE	THREE PARTITIONS OF POLAND 1772, 1793, 1795	•		•						16
ТНЕ	BALKAN STATES FROM 1878 (4 M. Treaty of San Stefano; Treaty of B		. 1912 (1	• BEFORÆ	Balka	N War	); 1914	ł.	٠	16

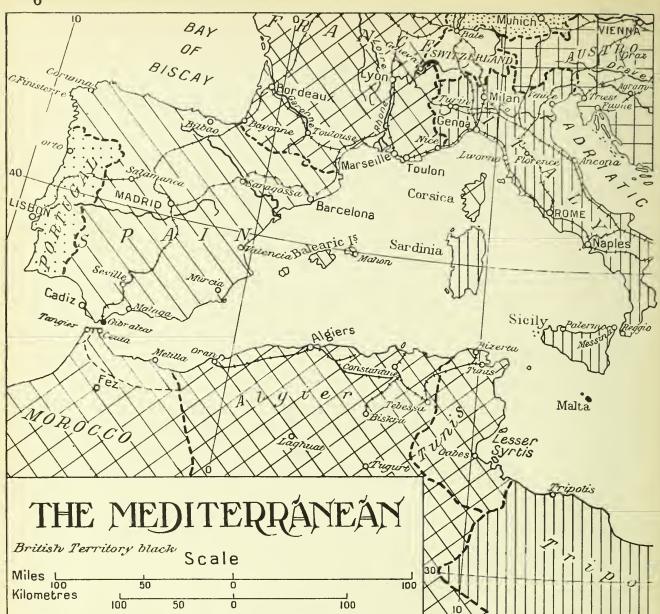


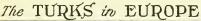
# DEPENDENCIES of the EUROPEAN POWERS











(See also p. 16, The Balkan States since 1878)







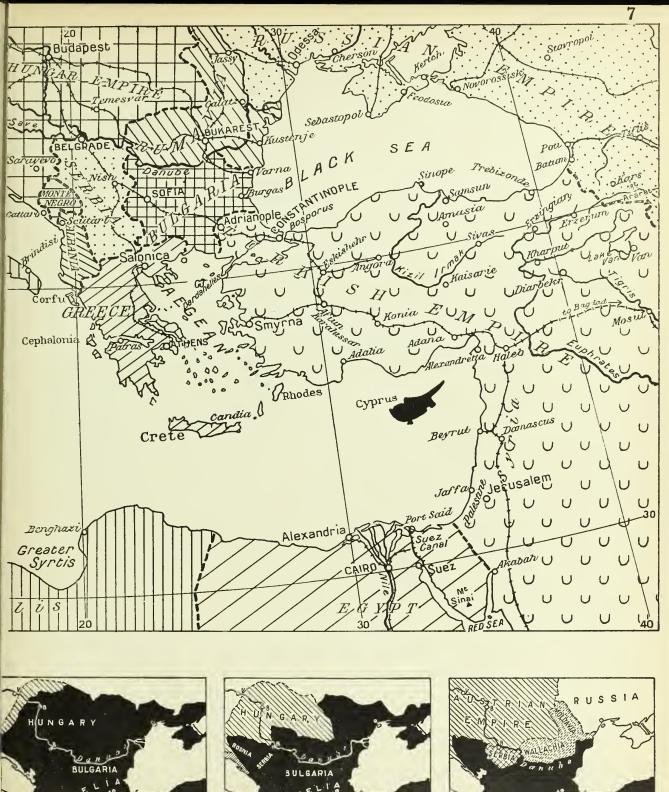
Eastern (Byzantine) Empire

Magyars WW

Turkish Empire

Latin Powers

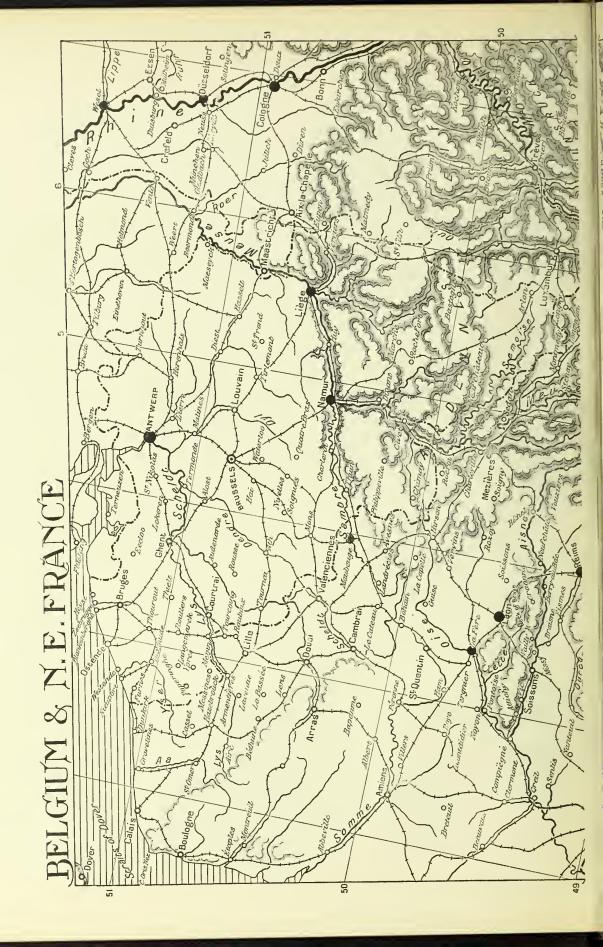
Venice VIIII



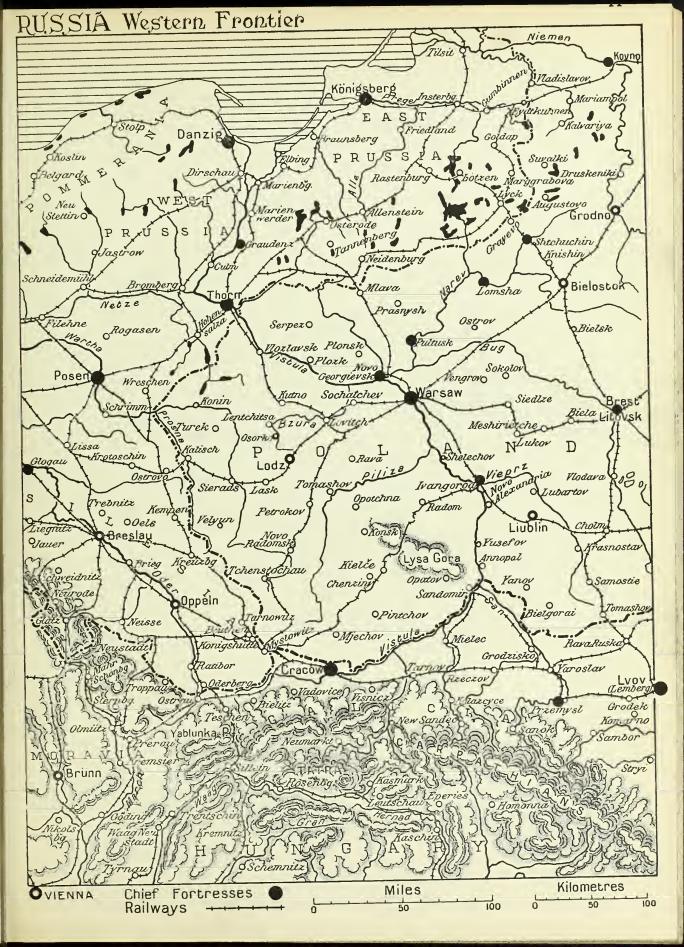


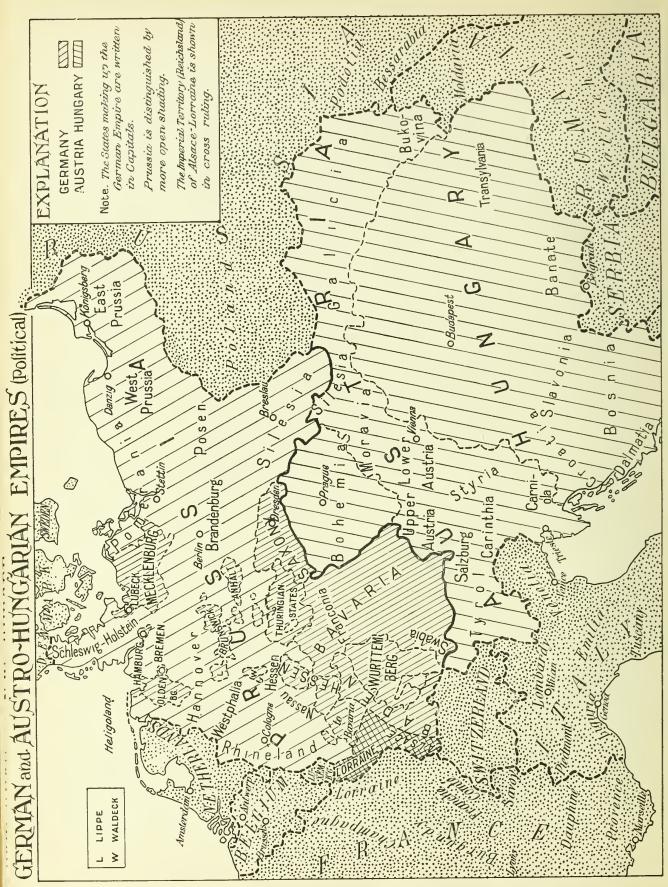


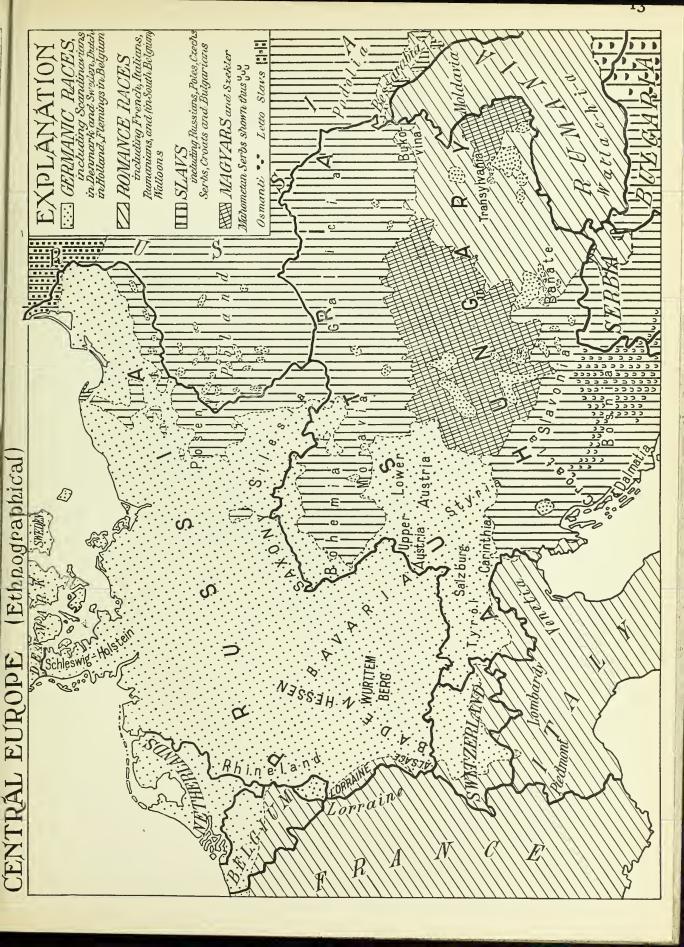




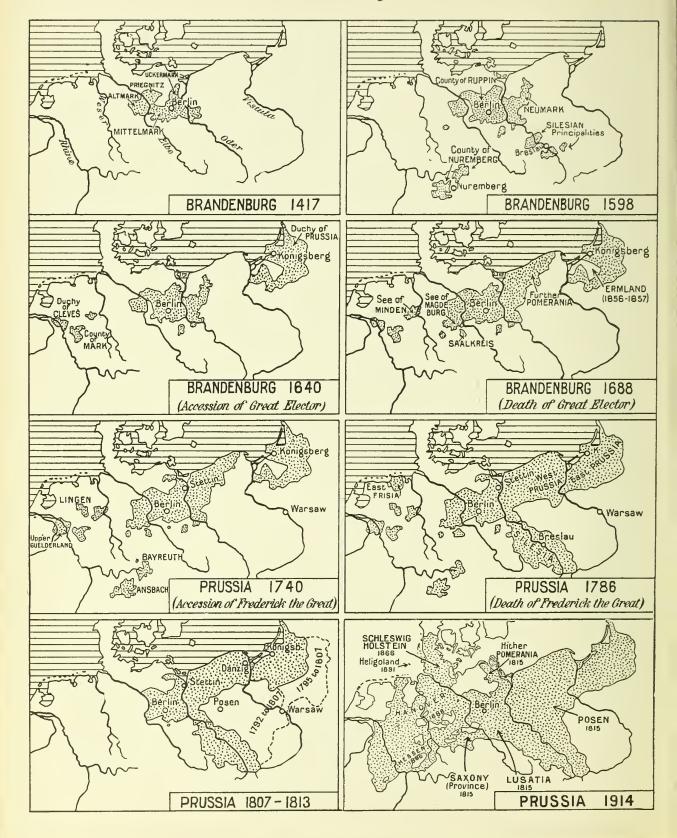
### TSTRO.H Scale of Kilometres Vesteraal 19 Heligoland 78 ORTH Shetland Is Orkney San Mayen Faroe Is adouna Channel 18 celand Land's End, Ushant Scale of Miles November orwards ----allistins On November 2nd the Admiralty announced: The whole of the North Searmust be considered a migrary area. ----- From the 5th of × X Northern point of the Hebrides Rockall Defimark Scrait Iceland do so at their own peril. through the Faroe Islands to passing a line drawn from the BLOCKADE OF THE NORTH SEA SEAS LHE င္တ

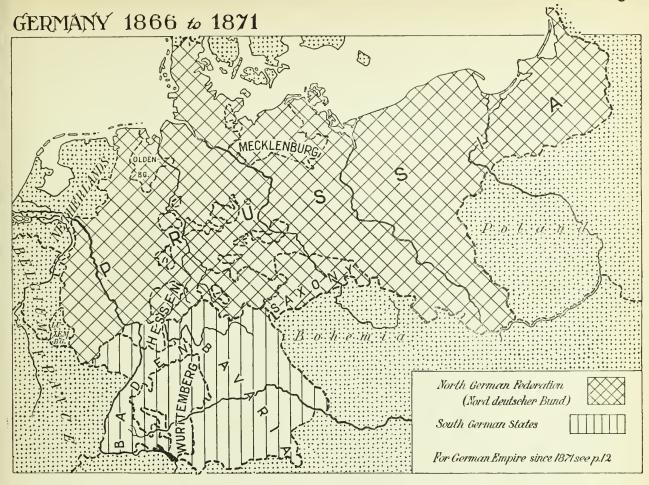






## TERRITORIAL GROWTH of PRUSSIA





### THE NETHERLANDS and BELGIUM









- 1856. The position after the Treaty of Paris (end of Crimean War). The kingdom of Greece has been established (1831). Serbia has gained her freedom, and the Danubian principalities Wallachia and Moldavia, since united as Rumania, have been formed. See also page 16.
- Pages 8 and 9. BELGIUM AND NORTH-EASTERN FRANCE. This map shows the whole of what is described as the Western War Area, and serves to illustrate the fighting in Belgium and Northern France, and along the French Eastern Frontier, and especially the operations of the British Expeditionary Force.
- Page 10. THE SEAS OF NORTH-WESTERN EUROPE.
- Page 11. WESTERN FRONTIER OF RUSSIA. The "Eastern War Area."
- Page 12. GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRES. (Political.)
- Page 13. CENTRAL EUROPE (ethnographical). The political boundaries are shown by a thick black line. This map illustrates the racial problem of the war, and shows where the political boundaries differ from the ethnographical.
- Page 14. TERRITORIAL GROWTH OF BRANDENBURG = PRUSSIA. The making of Prussia. Development of the Electorate of Brandenburg to the death of the Great Elector. Territorial growth under Frederick the Great. The diminished Prussia after the battle of Jena. Prussia of today, with dates of the various acquisitions since the battle of Waterloo.
- Page 15. GERMANY, 1866=1871. Hannover, Hessen and Schleswig-Holstein have been annexed by Prussia. In 1870 the South German States joined the North German Federation, under the lead of Prussia, for the war against France.

The map on page 12 shows how that war resulted in the formation of the German Empire and the acquisition of Alsace-Lorraine.

- Page 16. THE THREE PARTITIONS OF POLAND. These three maps show the dismemberment of the kingdom of Poland, and its division among Prussia, Austria and Russia.
- THE BALKAN STATES SINCE 1878. The Treaty of San Stefano (which never took effect), by forming a great Bulgaria, and completely dismembering European Turkey, would have given Russia a preponderating voice in Balkan affairs. The Treaty of Berlin, which replaced it, permitted the military occupation by Austria of Bosnia and the Herzegovina, and left Eastern Rumelia under Turkish suzerainty.

1912. (Before the Balkan War.) Austria has annexed Bosnia and the Herzegovina (1908). Bulgaria has annexed Eastern Rumelia (1908). Greece has acquired Thessaly.

1914. The territorial results of the Balkan War.

# Large Scale War Map of Central Europe

(1:1,000,000)

### By B. V. DARBISHIRE

The Map is issued in two parts (sold separately), but they are planned so that they can be hung as one wall map. WESTERN SHEET (60 in. x 60 in.) shows Western and Central Europe west of Berlin; EASTERN SHEET (40 in. x 60 in.), Central Europe east of Berlin

Mounted on Canvas to fold flat Varnished or Unvarnished in Sections

WESTERN SHEET 10/6 net (\$3.40) 15/- net (\$5.00) 7/6 net (\$2.50)

EASTERN SHEET 6/6 net (\$2.15) 10/6 net (\$3.40) 5/- net (\$1.75)

TOGETHER - 15/- net (\$5.00) 21/- net (\$6.75) 10/6 net (\$3.40)

RODS—for WESTERN SHEET, 2/- net (70c.); for EASTERN SHEET, 1/6 net (50c.); for the TWO MAPS hung as one, 3/6 net (\$1.15)

# War Map of Central Europe (30 in. × 20 in.)

After B. V. Darbishire's large scale Wall Map

(see above) 3d. anet (10c.)























